

# SPECIFICATION For

**APPROVAL** 



Title

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## 12.1" SVGA TFT LCD

BUYER NAME	LGSA	SUPPLIER	LG Electronics Inc.
MODEL NAME		MODEL NAME	LP121S2-A2

SIGNATURE	DATE	APPROVED BY	DATE
		Hyoung Youn	
		Senior General Manager	
		REVIEWED BY	
		HaeKyung Lee	
		Senior Engineer & PartLeader	
		PREPARED BY	
		Jimmy Eu	
		Engineer	
Please return 1 copy for our co	nfirmation	Product Engineering	Dept.
with your signature and com	iments.	LCD DIVISION LG Electr	onics, Inc.

Revision Ver 2.1 16/APRIL/1998

**Product Specification** 

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## **Record of Revision**

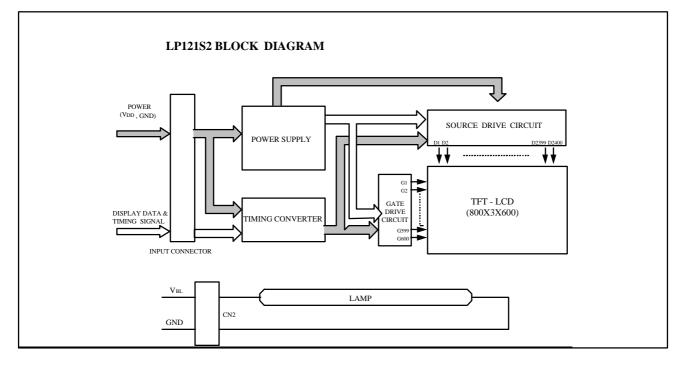
DATE AND VERSION	DESCRIPTION

#### **Product Specification**

## **<u>1. General Description</u>**

The LG Electronics model LP121S2-A2 LCD is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube(CCFT) back light system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has a 12.1 inch diagonally measured active display area with SVGA resolution(600 vertical by 800 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a pallete of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP121S2-A2 LCD is intended to support applications where low power consumption, weight and thickness are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP121S2-A2 characteristics provide an excellent flat panel display for office automation products such as portable computers.



## **General Display Characteristics**

The following are general feature of the model LP121S2-A2 LCD;

Active display area Outsize dimensions Pixel pitch Pixel format

Color depth Display operating mode Surface treatment 12.1 inches(26cm) diagonal 275 W x 197 H x 7 D mm Typ. 0.3075 mm \* 0.3075 mm 800 horiz. By 600 vert. pixels RGB stripe arrangement 6-bit transmissive mode, normally white hard coating(2H), anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer



## 2. Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	symbol	Va	Values Units							
		Min.	Max.							
Power Input Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.5	+3.63	Vdc	at 25°C					
Logic Input Voltage	$V_{L/H}$	0	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	Vdc	at 25°C					
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	°C	1					
Storage Temperature	Τ <sub>st</sub>	-20	+60	°C	1					

#### Table 1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note: 1. The Relative Humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 50°C or less. At temperatures greater than 50°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 49°C.

At low temperature the brightness of CCFL drop and the life time of CCFL become to be short.

2. Under no condition should the unit be exposed to corrosive chemicals.

## **<u>3. Electrical Specifications</u>**

The LP121S2-A2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to derive the voltages to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the backlight CCFT, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

16						-
Parameter	Symbol		Values	Units	Notes	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
MODULE:						
Power Supply Input Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	3.0	3.30	3.6	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	240	400	mA	1
Ripple/Noise	-	-	-	60	mV	
Logic Input Level, High	V <sub>IH</sub>	$0.6V_{DD}$	-	Vdd	Vdc	2
Logic Input Level, Low	V <sub>IL</sub>	Vss	-	$0.3V_{\text{DD}}$	Vdc	2
Power Consumption	Р	-	0.8	1.4	W	1
BACKLIGHT						
Backlight Input voltage	V <sub>BL</sub>	690	710	775	V <sub>RMS</sub>	3
Backlight Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	2.0	3.5	4.3	mA	
Lamp Kick-Off Voltage		945	-	-	V <sub>RMS</sub>	25±2°C
Operating Frequency	F <sub>BL</sub>	30	55	70	KHz	

## Table 2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

Notes: 1. The current draw and power consumption specified is for 3.3 Vdc at 25°C and 38MHz (DCLK). Typical power consumption check pattern is 8 gray scale bar.

2. Logic levels are specified for V<sub>DD</sub> of 3.3 Vdc at 25°C. The values specified apply to all logic inputs; Hsync, Vsync, clock, data signals, etc.

3. The backlight power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.

## 4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

Appendix A presents additional information concerning the specified characteristics.

	DIE 2 OP		IARACIE	RISTICS		
Parameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio	CR	100	-	-		1
Surface Brightness, white(IBL=3.5mA)	SB <sub>WH</sub>	70	95	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Brightness Variation	$SB_V$	-	-	1.45		3
Response Time						
Rise Time	Tr <sub>R</sub>		20	50	msec	4
Decay Time	$Tr_D$	-	35	50	msec	4
CIE Color Coordinates						
Red	X <sub>R</sub>	0.550	0.580	0.610		
	УR	0.314	0.344	0.374		
Green	X <sub>G</sub>	0.274	0.304	0.334		
	УG	0.501	0.531	0.561		
Blue	x <sub>B</sub>	0.126	0.156	0.186		
	Ув	0.101	0.131	0.161		
White	x <sub>W</sub>	0.284	0.314	0.344		
	Уw	0.286	0.316	0.346		
Viewing Angle(CR>10:1)						
x axis, right (Ø=0º)	θ			40		5
x axis, left(Ø=180°)	θ			40	degree, ¡ A	
y axis, up(Ø=90º)	θ			10		
y axis, down (Ø=270º)	θ			30		

Notes 1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

(Surface Brightness with all white pixels)

(Surface Brightness with all black pixels)

- 2. Surface brightness is the average of 5 measurement across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see Appendix A.
- 3. The variation in surface brightness,  $SB_V$  is determined by measuring  $B_{ON}$  at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum  $B_{ON}$  by the minimum  $B_{ON}$ .

- Minimum ( $B_{ON1}$ ,  $B_{ON2}$ , ..., $B_{ON5}$ ) 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black(Rise Time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white (Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see Appendix A.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Appendix A.

## **5. Interface Connections**

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 41 pin connector is used for the module electronics and a three pin connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model DF9B-41P-1V, manufactured by Hirose. The mating connector part number is DF9-41S-1V or equivalent. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
2	DCLK	Main clock	
3	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
4	Hsync	Horizontal sync.	
5	Vsync	Vertical sync.	
6	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
7	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
8	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
9	R0	Red data	Red data least significant bit(LSB)
10	R1	Red data	
11	R2	Red data	
12	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
13	R3	Red data	
14	R4	Red data	
15	R5	Red data	Red data most significant bit(MSB)
16	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
17	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
18	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
19	G0	Green data	Green data least significant bit(LSB)
20	G1	Green data	
21	G2	Green data	
22	Vss	Ground	
23	G3	Green data	
24	G4	Green data	
25	G5	Green data	Green data most significant bit(MSB)
26	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
27	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
28	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
29	BO	Blue data	Blue data least sinificant bit(LSB)
30	B1	Blue data	
31	B2	Blue data	
32	Vss	Ground	
33	B3	Blue data	
34	B4	Blue data	
35	B5	Blue data	Blue data most significant bit(MSB)
36	Vss	Ground	Connect to Vss, see Note 1
37	DTMG	Data timing signal	
38	(NC)	Non-connection	
39	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power input	+3.3Vdc power supply input, see Note 2
40	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power input	+3.3Vdc power supply input, see Note 2
41	(NC)	Non-connection	

Table 3 MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Notes: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to Vss which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

2. All  $V_{DD}$  (power input) pins should be connected together.

3. DTMG, HSYNC and VSYNC shall be supplied simultaneously.

#### **Product Specification**

## Interface Connections (cont'd)

The backlight interface connector is a model BHR-03VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number is SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB or equivalent. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

## Table 4 BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Lamp power input	1
2	NC	No connect	
3	LV	Ground	

Notes: 1. The input power terminal is colored pink.



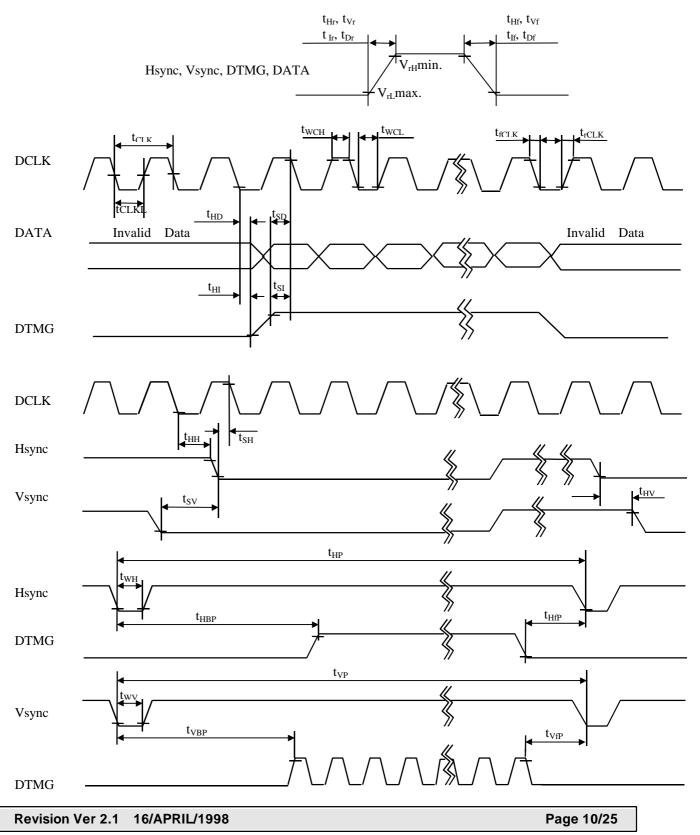
## 6. Signal Timing Specifications

ITEM		Symbol	Value		Value		Notes
			Min. Typ. Max.				
DCLK	Period	fCLK	25	(26)	-	ns	
	Width-Low	tWCL	8	-	-	ns	
	Width-High	tWCH	5	-	-	ns	
	Rise Time	trCLK	-	-	25	ns	
	Fall Time	tfCLK	-	-	25	ns	
	Duty	D	0.45	0.5	0.55	-	D=tCLKL
							/tCLK
Hsync	Set-up Time	tSH	6	-	-	ns	for DCLK
	Hold Time	tHH	6	-	-	ns	
	Period	tHP	(1052-	(1024)	1200	tCLK	
			tHBP)	-			
	Width-Active	tWH	12	-	120	tCLK	
	Rise/Fall Time	tHr,tHf	-		30	ns	
Vsync	Set-up Time	tSV	0	-		tCLK	for Hsync
	Hold Time	tHV	2	-		tCLK	
	Period	tVP	603	(625)	730	tHP	
	Width-Active	tWV	1	-	24	tHP	
	Rise/Fall Time	tVr,tVf	-	-	50	ns	
DTMG	Set up Time	tSI	6	-	-	ns	for DCLK
	Hold Time	tHI	1	-	-	ns	
	Rise/Fall Time	tlr,tlf	-	-	30	ns	
	Horizental Back Porch	tHBP	32	-		tCLK	
	Horizental Front Porch	tHFP	16	-	-	tCLK	
	Vertical Back Porch	tVBP	0	-	-	tHP	
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	3	-	-	tHP	
DATA	Set up Time	tSD	6	-	-	ns	for DCLK
	Hold Time	tHD	2.5	-	-	ns	
	Rise/Fall Time	tDr,tDf	-	-	25	ns	



## 7. Signal Timing Wave Forms

## (DATA : Latched at Fall edge of DCLK)





## 8. Color Input Data Reference

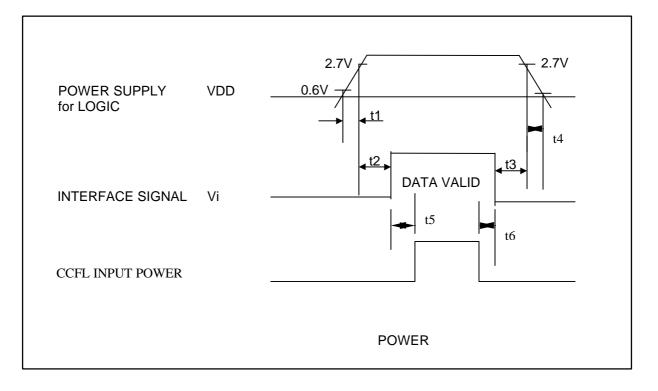
The brightness of each primary color(red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

								-	Inpu	ut Co	lor D	ata							
	Color			Re	ed					Gre	en					B	ue		
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(00)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(63) Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(61)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red		:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(02)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(01)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(00)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63) Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green		0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(02)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(63) Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	;	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(02)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

### Table 5 COLOR DATA REFERENCE



## 9. Power Sequence



t1£40msec, 0<t2£50msec, 0<t3£50msec, t4<1sec, t5£1msec, 0<t6£50msec

## \* Set 0 Volt < Vi(t) $\leq$ V<sub>DD</sub>(t)

Here Vi(t), V<sub>DD</sub>(t) indicate the transitive state of Vi, V<sub>DD</sub> when power supply is turned ON or OFF

Notes : 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD  $V_{DD}$  to 0V.

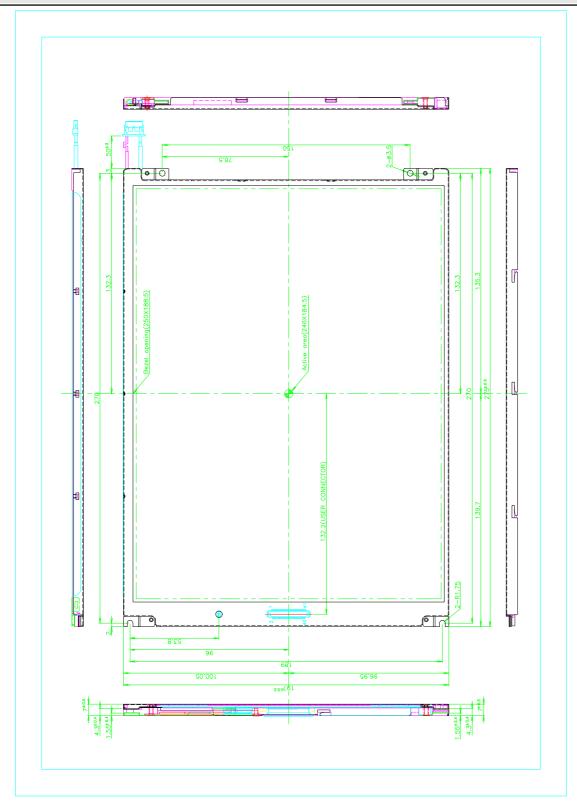


## **10. Mechanical Characteristics**

The chart below provides general mechanical characteristics for the model LP121S2-A2 LCD. The surface of the LCD has an anti-glare coating to minimize reflection and a 2H hard coating to reduce scratching. In addition, the figure below is a detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD. Note that dimension are given for reference purposes only.

Outoido dimensiona		075			
Outside dimensions	Width	275 mm			
	Height	197 mm			
	Thickness	7 mm			
Active Display area	Width	246 mm			
	Height	184.5 mm			
	Diagonal	307.34 mm			
Weight (approximate)		470 gram max.			

**Product Specification** 



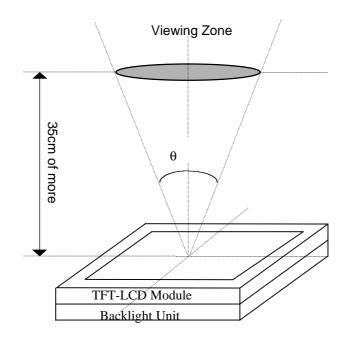


## 11.Cosmetic

This cosmetic inspection is related to the acceptance quality levels of any defects in the LCD module which we produce.

For more information about the following , contact LG Electronics any time.

- 11.1 Cosmetic Inspection Conditions
  - 11.1.1 Inspective viewing angle
    - This inspection should be executed according to the following figure.



- Viewing angle should be in the range of :

 $\theta$  < 40 <sup>O</sup> when non-operating inspection

 $\theta < 5^{\circ}$  when operating inspection

- 11.1.2 Environment Conditions
  - Ambient temperature :  $25\pm5~^{\circ}\text{C}$
  - Ambient Humidity :  $65 \pm 5$  % RH
  - Ambient Lumination : Using single 20 watts fluorescent lamp ( about 500 lux )

### **Product Specification**

- 11.1.3 Sampling method[ TBD ]
  - Lot size : Quality of shipment per model
  - Sampling type : Normal inspection, single sampling

%

- Inspection level :
- Sampling table : Table in MIL-STD-

## 11.1.4 Acceptance Quality Level [ 'AQL' ] [TBD]

- Major Defects : AQL
- Minor Defects : AQL %
- 11.2 Cosmetic Specifications

VISUAL DEFECTS	COUNT	REJECT
Dark / White Spot	0.25 <d≤0.38, n≤3<="" td=""><td>D&gt;0.38, N&gt;3</td></d≤0.38,>	D>0.38, N>3
Bright Line (Light Lint)	0.03 <w≤0.152,< td=""><td>W&gt;0.152, L&gt;2.03</td></w≤0.152,<>	W>0.152, L>2.03
	L≤2.03	N>4
Dark Line (Dark Lint/Hair)	0.03 <w≤0.10< td=""><td>W&gt;0.10, L&gt;1.0</td></w≤0.10<>	W>0.10, L>1.0
	0.3 <l≤1.0, n≤4<="" td=""><td>N&gt;4</td></l≤1.0,>	N>4
Polarizer Scratch	0.01 <w≤0.05< td=""><td>W&gt;0.05, L&gt;10.0,</td></w≤0.05<>	W>0.05, L>10.0,
	1.0 <l≤10.0, n≤3<="" td=""><td>N&gt;3</td></l≤10.0,>	N>3
Polarizer Dents	0.127 <d≤0.38, n≤3<="" td=""><td>D&gt;0.38, N&gt;3</td></d≤0.38,>	D>0.38, N>3
Polarizer Bubble	0.254 <d≤0.38, n≤3<="" td=""><td>D&gt;0.38, N&gt;3</td></d≤0.38,>	D>0.38, N>3
Rubbing Defect		Not Allowed
Newton Rings		Not Allowed
Mottling		Not Allowed
ELECTRICAL DEFECTS		
Bright Dot (Electrical)		
High and Low level	N≤5 (Green≤3)	N>5 (Green>3)
Dark Dot (Electrical)	N≤5	N>5
Minimum Distance		
Between Electrical Defects		
High Level Green to High Level Green	S≥25.4	S<25.4
Bright Dots- High Level to High Level	S≥15	S<15
Bright Dots- High Level to Low Level and	S≥5	S<5
- Low Level to Low Level		



VISUAL DEFECTS	COUNT	REJECT
Bright Dots- Two Adjacent Low Level	N≤2	N>2
and Low Level (Any Plane)		
Bright Dots- Three Adjacent High or Low		Not Allowed
Level		
Dark Dots	S≥15	S<15
Dark Dots - Two Adjacent	N≤2	N>2
( Horizontal Plane Only)		
Dim Lines		Not Allowed
Cross Line(s) On/Off		Not Allowed
Horizontal Line(s) On/Off		Not Allowed
Vertical Line(s) On/Off		Not Allowed
Minimum Distance	S≥25	S<25.4
Between ANY Allowable Defects		
(Unless Otherwise Specified)		
Maximum Number of Allowable Defects	N≤10	N>10

Notes : 1.Image persistence should be tested after displaying same pattern for 30 minutes and should disappear within 2 seconds.

- 2. Inspected in the bright/dark pattern respectively.
- 3. D = Diameter, L = Length, N = Number of Count

S = Separation from Edge to Edge, W = Width Spot = Contamination, Dot = Sub-pixel stuck on/off



## 12. Reliability

No.	Test ITEM	Conditions							
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 60° <b>C</b> 240h							
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = 25 ° <b>C</b> 240h							
3	High temperature	Ta = 40 ° <b>C</b> 95% 240h							
	& high humidity operation test	(no condensation)							
4	High temperature operation test	Ta = 50 ° <b>C</b> 240h							
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0° <b>C</b> 240h							
6	6 Vibration test Frequency:10~57Hz / Vibration Width(one si								
	(non-operating) :58~500Hz / Gravity:9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>								
		Sweep time: 11 minutes							
		Test period: 3 hours							
		(1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)							
7	Shock test	Max. Gravity: 490m/s							
	(non-operating)	Pulse width: 11ms,half sine wave							
		Direction: ±X,±Y,±Z							
		one for each direction							

{Result Evaluation Criteria}

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

In High temperature and low temperature operation test, lamp current should be 3 mA.



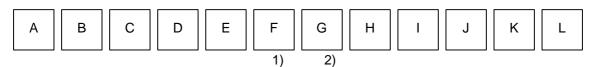
## 13. International Standards

13.1 Safety	
UL1950	"Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
	Third Edition" Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. 1995
CAS C22.2	"Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
	Third Edition" Canadian Standards Association, 1995
EN 60950	"Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment."
	European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC), 1995
	Ref. No. EN 60950: 1992 + A1: 1993 + A2: 1993 + A3: 1995 E
	(IEC 950: 1991 + A1: 1992 + A2: 1993 + A3: 1995, modified )
13.2 EMC	
ANSI C63.4	"Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and
	Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz."
	American National Standards Institute(ANSI),1992.
C.I.S P.R	"Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information
	Technology Equipment."International Special Committee on Radio Interference
EN 55 022	"Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information
	Technology Equipment."European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
	(CENELEC),1988



## 14. Designation of Lot Mark

14.1.Lot Mark



A,B : SBU CODE C,D,E : MODEL CODE F : YEAR G : MONTH H,I,J,K,L : SERIAL NO.

NOTE 1) YEAR

YEAR	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Mark	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

2) MONTH

MONTH	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	Ν	D

14.2. Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the backlight unit. This is subject to change without prior notice.

## 15. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 10pcs
- b) Box size : 372(W) X 331(H) X 308(D)

#### **Product Specification**

## 16. Handling Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT/LCD module with Back-light unit.

## **16.1.MOUNTING PREACAUTION**

You must mount Module using mounting holes arranged in 4 corners.
 Be sure to turn off the power when connecting or disconnecting the circuit.

- 2) Note that the polarizers are easily damaged. Pay attention not to scratch or press this surface with any hard object.
- When the LCD surface become dirty, please wipe it off with a soft material. (ie.cotton ball)
- 4) Protect the module from the ESD as it may damage the electronic circuit (C-MOS). Make certain that treatment person's body are grounded thru wrist bend.
- 5) Do not disassemble the module and be careful not to incur a mechanical shock that might occur during installation. It may cause permanent damage.
- 6) Do not leave the module in high temperatures, Particularly in areas of high humidity for a long time.
- 7) The module not be expose to the direct sunlight.
- 8) Avoid contact with water as it may a short circuit within the module.

#### **Product Specification**

#### 16.2 OPERATING PRECAUTION

1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits.

Be lower the spike noise as follows :

VDD=±200mV, V1=±200mV( Over and under shoot voltage.)

- 2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (Required time that brightness is stable after turn on)becomes longer.
- 4) Be careful for condensation at suddern temperature change. Condensation make damage to polarizer or electrical contact part. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- 5) When fixed pattern are displayed at long times, remnant image is likely to occur.
- Module has high frequency circuit. If you need to shield the electromagnetic noise.
   Please do in yours.
- When Back-light unit is operating, it sounds.
   If you need to shield the noise, please do in yours.

### 16.3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since module is composed with electronic circuit, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through list band etc.. And don't touch I/F pin directly.

### 16.4 PRECAUTION FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE.

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

## 16.5 STORAGE

When storing module as spares for long time, the following precautions are necessary.

1) Store them in a dark place : do not expose then to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 and 35 at normal humidity.

2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### **Product Specification**

#### 16.6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

1) When the protection film is pealed off, static electricity is generated between the film and the polarizer. This film should be pealed off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ionblown equipment or in such a condition. etc.

2) The protection film is attached the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peal off the film, the glue is apt to remain more on the polarizer. So please carefully peal off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protaction film is pealed off.

Please refrain from storing the module at the high temperature and high humidity for glue is apt to remain in these condition.

4) The glue may be taken for the modules failure, but you can remove the giue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with Normal-hexane.

### 16.7 SAFETY

1) If module is broken, be careful to handle not to injure. (TFT/LCD and lamp are made of glass)

Please wash hands sufficiently when you touch the liquid crystal coming out from broken LCDs.

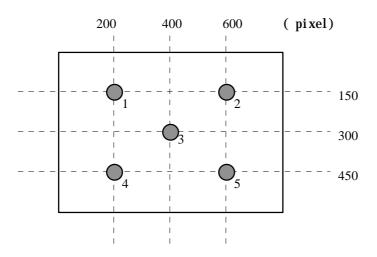
2) As it is possible for PCB or other electronic parts of module to small to smoke and to take fire becauseof the short circuit. Please design the circuit of your instrument not to flow the electric current to TFT/LCD module more than 500mA. (by apply the fuse for example)

3) As Back-light unit has high voltage circuit internal, do not open the case and do not insert foreign materials in the case.



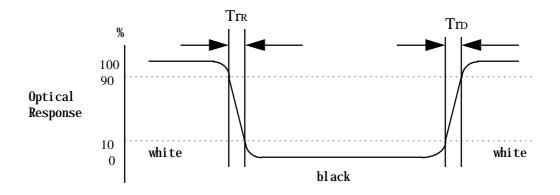
### A-1 Brightness

<measuring point>



### A-2 RESPONSE TIME

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





## A-3 Viewing angle

<Definition of viewing angle range>

