



ELECTRONICS

Product Information



TO :
DATE : Oct.13. 2008

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD
MODEL NO. : LTN154X3-L06

NOTE : Extension code [-L]
→ LTN154X3-L06- L
Surface type [**Glare**]

Any Modification of Spec is not allowed without SEC' permission

APPROVED BY : K. H. Shin

PREPARED BY : LCD Product Planning Group 1

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.



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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

LTN154X3-L06 is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching devices. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a backlight system. The resolution of a 15.4" contains 1280 x 800 pixels and can display up to 262,144 colors. 6 O'clock direction is the Optimum viewing angle.

FEATURES

- Thin and light weight
- High contrast ratio, high aperture structure
- Wide XGA (1280x800 pixels) resolution
- Fast Response Time
- Low power consumption
- Single CCFL
- DE (Data enable) only mode.
- 3.3V LVDS Interface
- On board EDID chip

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook PC
- If the usage of this product is not for PC application, but for others, please contact SEC

GENERAL INFORMATION

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Display area	331.2(H) X 207.0(V) (15.4"diagonal)	mm	
Driver element	a-si TFT active matrix		
Display colors	262,144		
Number of pixel	1280 x 800 (16 : 10, Wide XGA)	pixel	
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Pixel pitch	0.25875(H) x 0.25875(V)	mm	
Display Mode	Normally white		
Surface treatment	Haze 0(Glare), Hard-Coating 3H		

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Mechanical Information

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module size	Horizontal (H)	343.5	344.0	344.5	mm	
	Vertical (V)	221.5	222.0	222.5	mm	
	Depth (D)	-	-	6.5	mm	(1)
Weight		-	-	560	g	

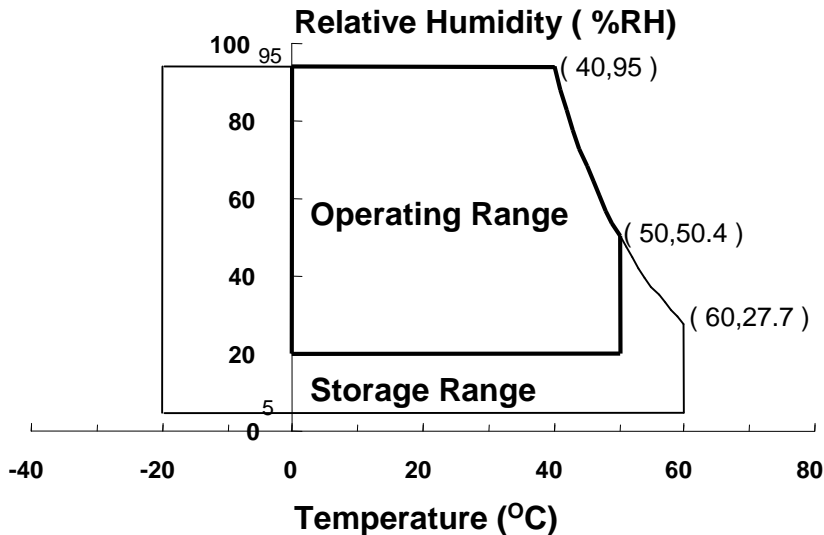
Note (1) Measurement condition of outline dimension
 . Equipment : Vernier Calipers
 . Push Force : 500g · f (minimum)

1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

1.1 ENVIRONMENTAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage temperate	TSTG	-20	60	°C	(1)
Operating temperate (Temperature of glass surface)	TOPR	0	50	°C	(1)
Shock (non-operating)	Snop	-	240	G	(2),(4)
Vibration (non-operating)	Vnop	-	2.41	G	(3),(4)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
 95 % RH Max. ($40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \geq T_a$)
 Maximum wet - bulb temperature at $39\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ or less. ($T_a > 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) No condensation



- (2) 2ms, half sine wave, one time for $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$.
- (3) 5 - 500 Hz, random vibration, 30min for X, Y, Z.
- (4) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the Module to be tested have to be hard and rigid enough so that the Module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

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1.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

(1) TFT LCD MODULE

 $V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_{SS} = GND = 0V$

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	$V_{DD} - 0.3$	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V_{DD}	$V_{DD} - 0.3$	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	(1)

Note (1) Within T_a ($25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

(2) BACK-LIGHT UNIT

 $T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp Current	I_L	2.0	7.0	mArms	(1)
Lamp frequency	F_L	45	80	kHz	(1)

Note 1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded
 Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

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2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

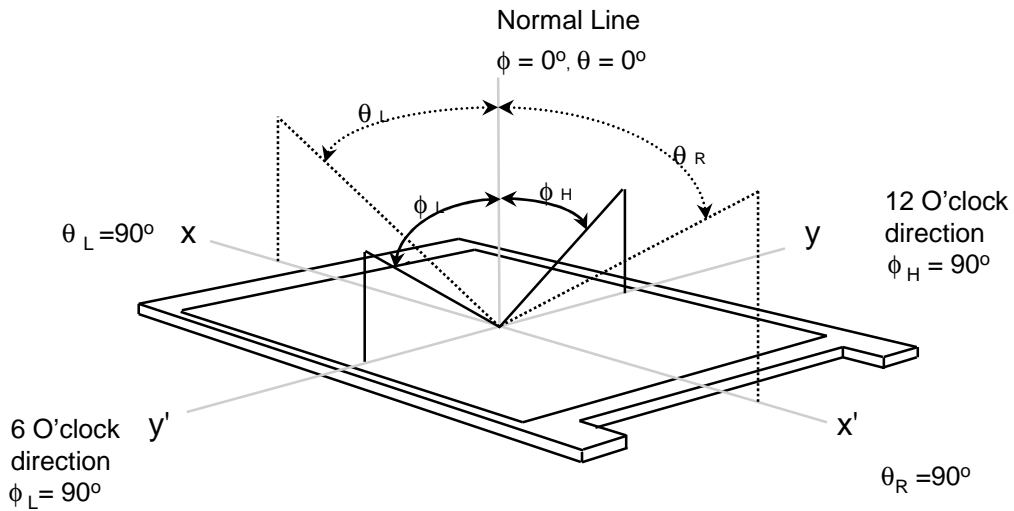
The following items are measured under stable conditions. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the methods shown in Note (5).
Measuring equipment : TOPCON BM-5A and PR-650

* Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, VDD=3.3V, fv= 60Hz, fdCLK = 68.9MHz, IL = 6.0 mA

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio (5 Points)		CR	Normal Viewing Angle $\phi = 0$ $\theta = 0$	300	400	-	-	(1), (2), (5)
Response Time at Ta (Rising + Falling)		T _{RT}		-	25	35	msec	(1), (3)
Average Luminance of White (5 Points)		Y _{L,AVE}		125	150	-	cd/m ²	IL=6.0mA (1), (4)
Color Chromaticity (CIE)	Red	R _X		0.570	0.600	0.630	-	(1), (5) PR-650
		R _Y		0.309	0.339	0.369		
	Green	G _X		0.294	0.324	0.354		
		G _Y		0.513	0.543	0.573		
	Blue	B _X	0.124	0.154	0.184			
		B _Y	0.106	0.136	0.176			
	White	W _X	0.283	0.313	0.343			
		W _Y	0.299	0.329	0.359			
Viewing Angle	Hor.	θ_L	CR ≥ 10	40	45	Degrees	(1), (5) BM-5A	
		θ_H		40	45			
	Ver.	ϕ_H		10	15			
		ϕ_L		25	30			
13 Points White Variation		δ_L		-	-	1.6	-	(6)

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Note 1) Definition of Viewing Angle : Viewing angle range($10 \leq C/R$)

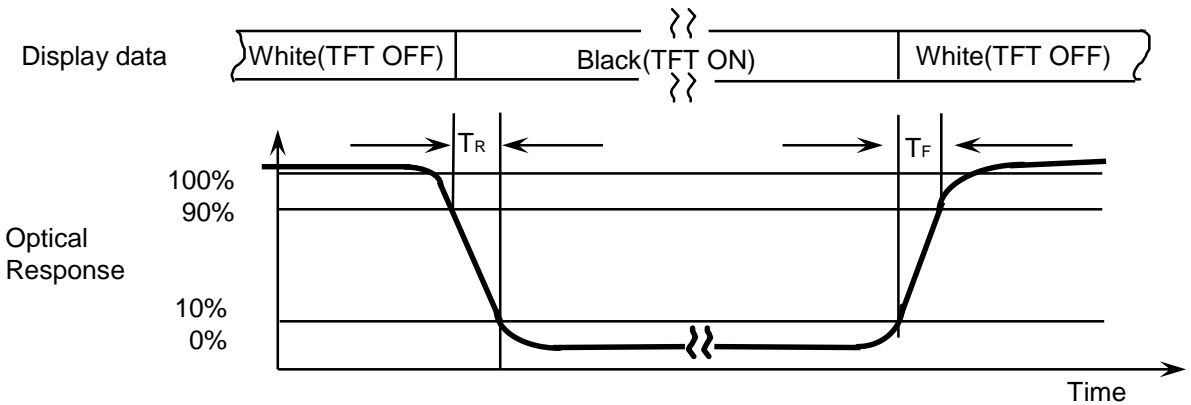


Note 2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR) : Ratio of gray max (Gmax) ,gray min (Gmin) at 5 points(4, 5, 7, 9, 10)

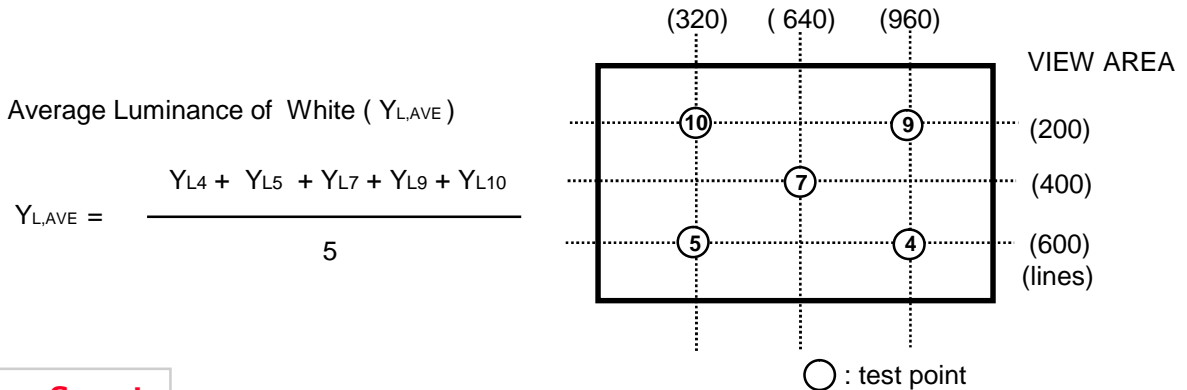
$$CR = \frac{CR(4) + CR(5) + CR(7) + CR(9) + CR(10)}{5}$$

Points : (4) , (5) , (7) , (9) , (10) at the figure of Note (6).

Note 3) Definition of Response time :

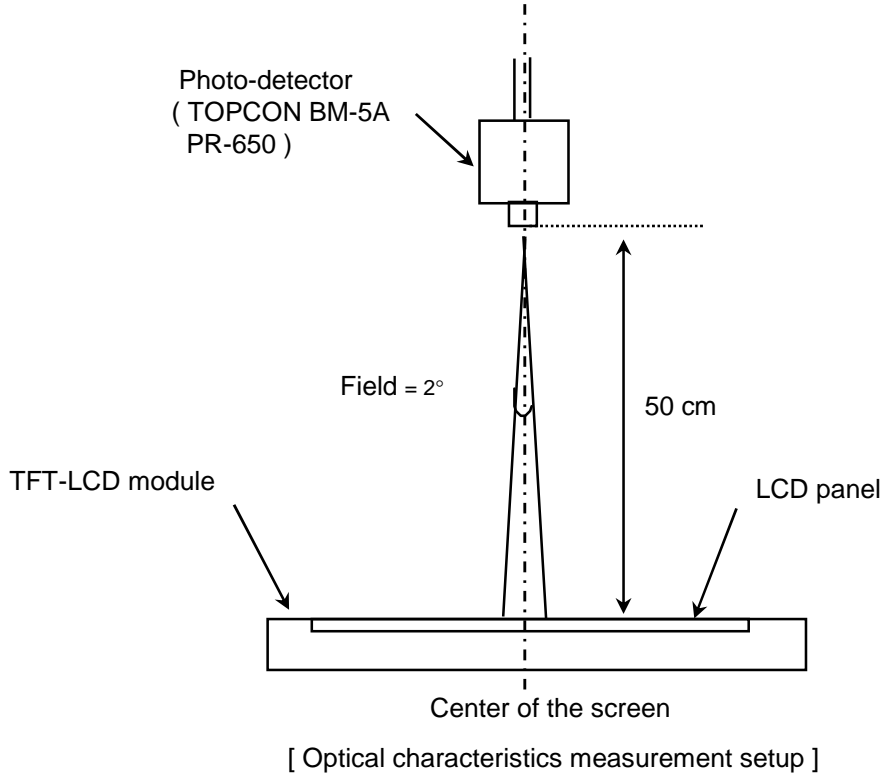


Note 4) Definition of Average Luminance of White : measure the luminance of white at 5 points.



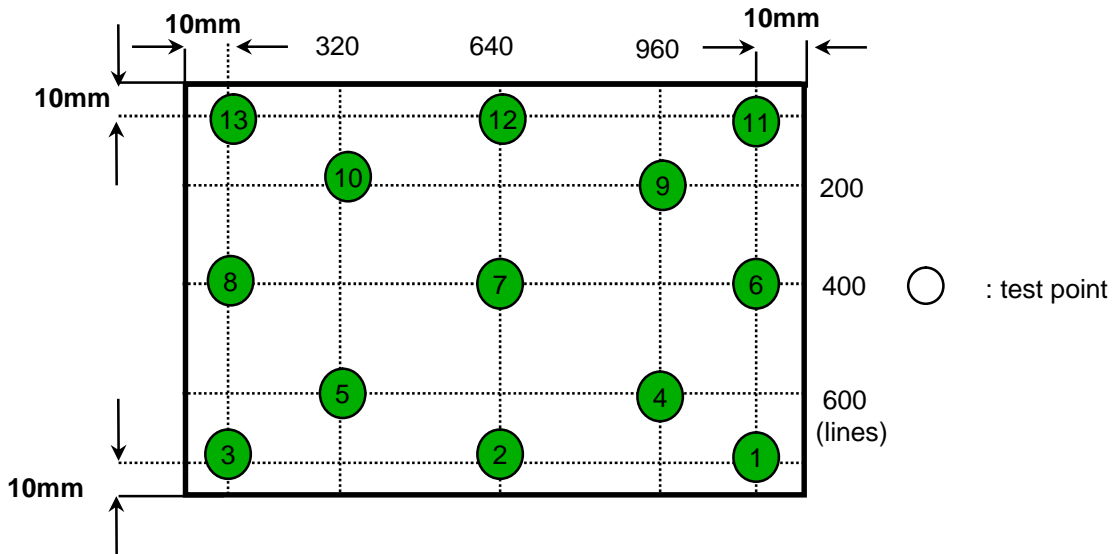
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Note 5) After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a given temperature for 30 min , the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. 30 min after lighting the backlight. This should be measured in the center of screen.
 Lamp current : 6.0mA (Inverter : SIC-130T)
 Environment condition : $T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



Note 6) Definition of 13 points white variation (δL), [① ~ ⑬]

$$\delta L = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance of 13 points}}{\text{Minimum luminance of 13 points}}$$



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3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta= 25 ± 2°C

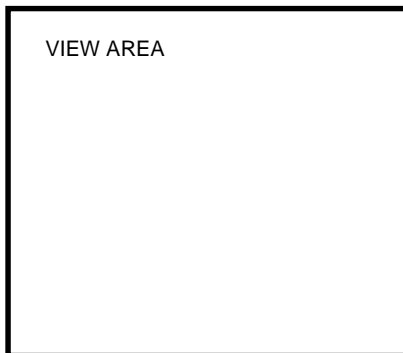
Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Voltage of Power Supply	V _{DD}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V		
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	High	V _{IH}	-	-	+100	mV	V _{CM} = +1.2V
	Low	V _{IL}	-100	-	-	mV	
Vsync Frequency	f _V	-	60	-	Hz		
Hsync Frequency	f _H	-	48.96	-	KHz		
Main Frequency	f _{DCLK}	-	68.9	-	MHz		
Rush Current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	1.5	A	(4)	
Current of Power Supply	White	I _{DD}	-	330	-	mA	(2),(3)*a
	Mosaic		-	340	-	mA	(2),(3)*b
	V. Stripe		-	410	500	mA	(2),(3)*c

Note (1) Display data pins and timing signal pins should be connected.(GND = 0V)

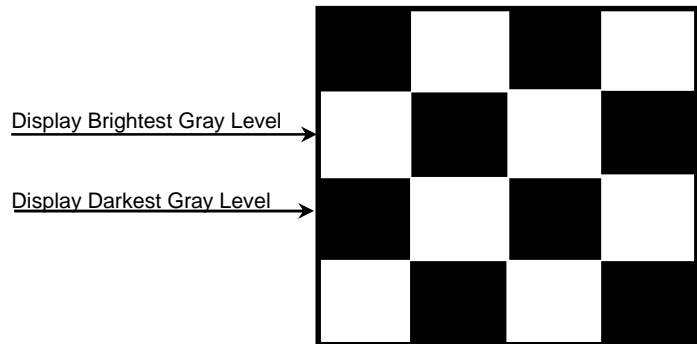
(2) f_V = 60Hz, f_{DCLK} = 68.9MHZ, V_{DD} = 3.3V , DC Current.

(3) Power dissipation pattern

*a) White Pattern

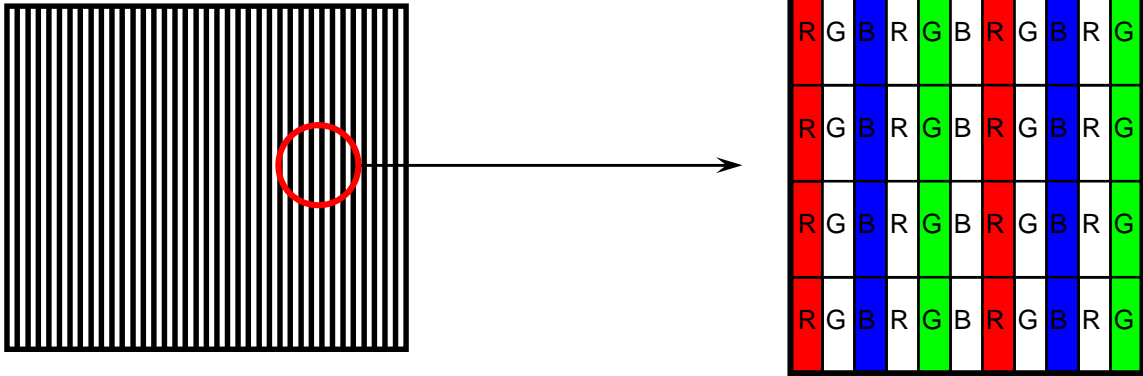


*b) Mosaic Pattern

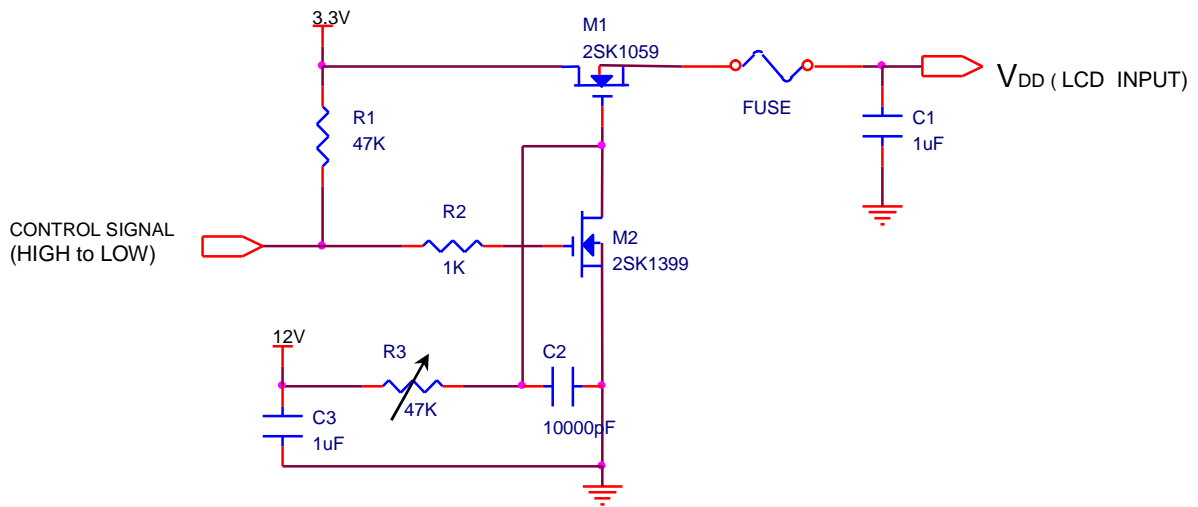


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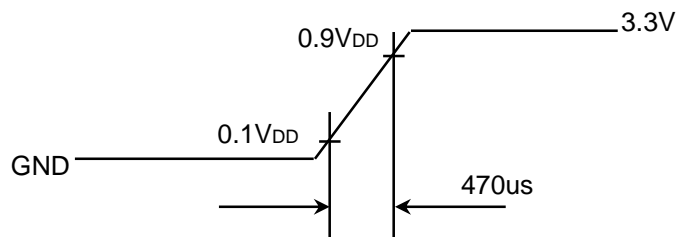
*c) 1dot Vertical stripe pattern



4) Rush current measurement condition



V_{DD} rising time is 470us



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3.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with a single CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).
The characteristics of a single lamp are shown in the following table.

- INVERTER : SEM SIC 130T

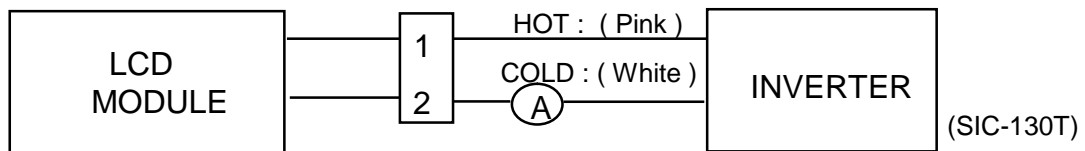
Ta= 25 ± 2 °C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp Current	I _L	3.0	6.0	6.5	mArms	(1)
Lamp Voltage	V _L	-	720	-	Vrms	I _L =6.0mA
Frequency	f _L	50	60	65	KHz	(2)
Power Consumption	P _L		4.3		W	(3) I _L =6.0mA
Operating Life Time	Hr	10,000			Hour	(4)
Startup Voltage	V _s	-	-	1200	Vrms	25°C, (5)
				1450	Vrms	0°C, (5)
Lamp startup time		-	-	1.0	sec	(5)

Note) The waveform of the inverter output voltage must be area symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp.

The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter(miss lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Note (1) Lamp current is measured with a high frequency current meter as shown below.



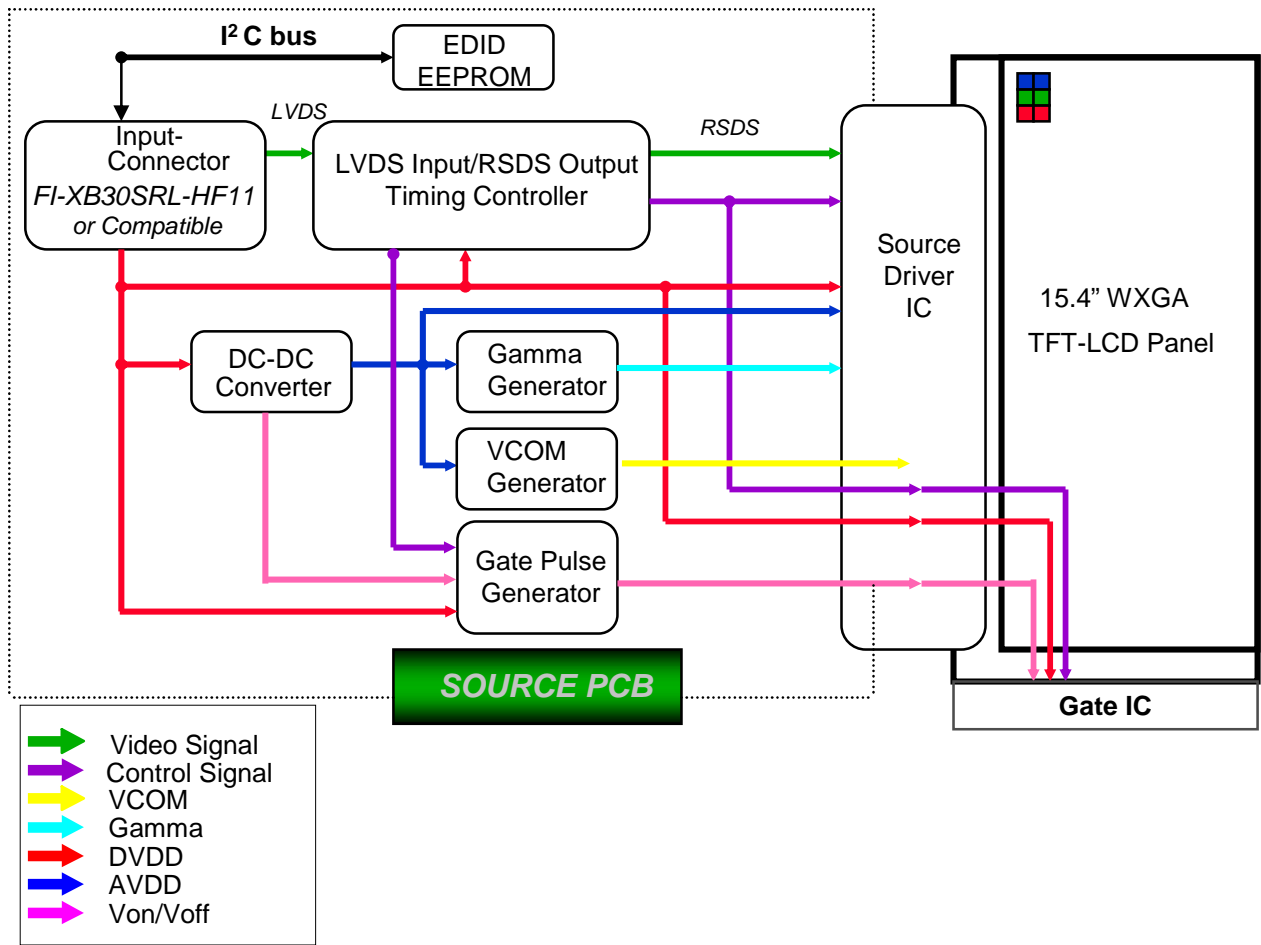
- (2) Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and this may cause line flow on the display. Therefore lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible in order to avoid interference.
- (3) Refer to $I_L \times V_L$ to calculate.
- (4) Life time (Hr) of a lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta= 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 6.0 mArms until one of the following event occurs.
1. When the brightness becomes 50% or lower than the original.
 2. When the Effective ignition length becomes 80% or lower than the original value.
(Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)
- (5) The inverter open voltage - this voltage should be measured after ballast capacitor- have to be larger than the lamp startup voltage, otherwise backlight may has blinking for a moment after turns on or not be turned on.
If an inverter has shutdown function it should keep its open voltage for longer than 1 second even if lamp connector open.

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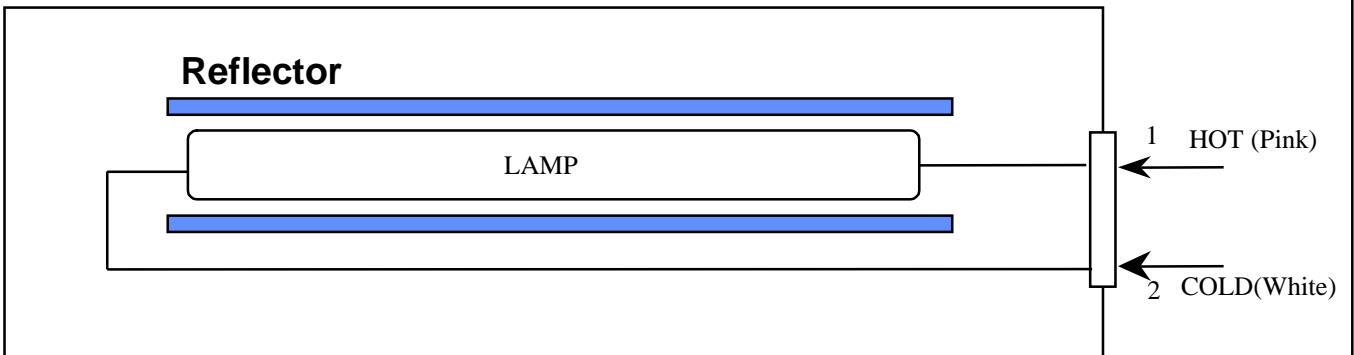
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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD Module



4.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT



Note) The output of the inverter may change according to the material of the reflector.

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5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1. Input Signal & Power LVDS, Connector : (JAE, FI-XB30SRL-HF11 or Compatible)
Mating Connector :(JAE FI-X30M or Compatible)

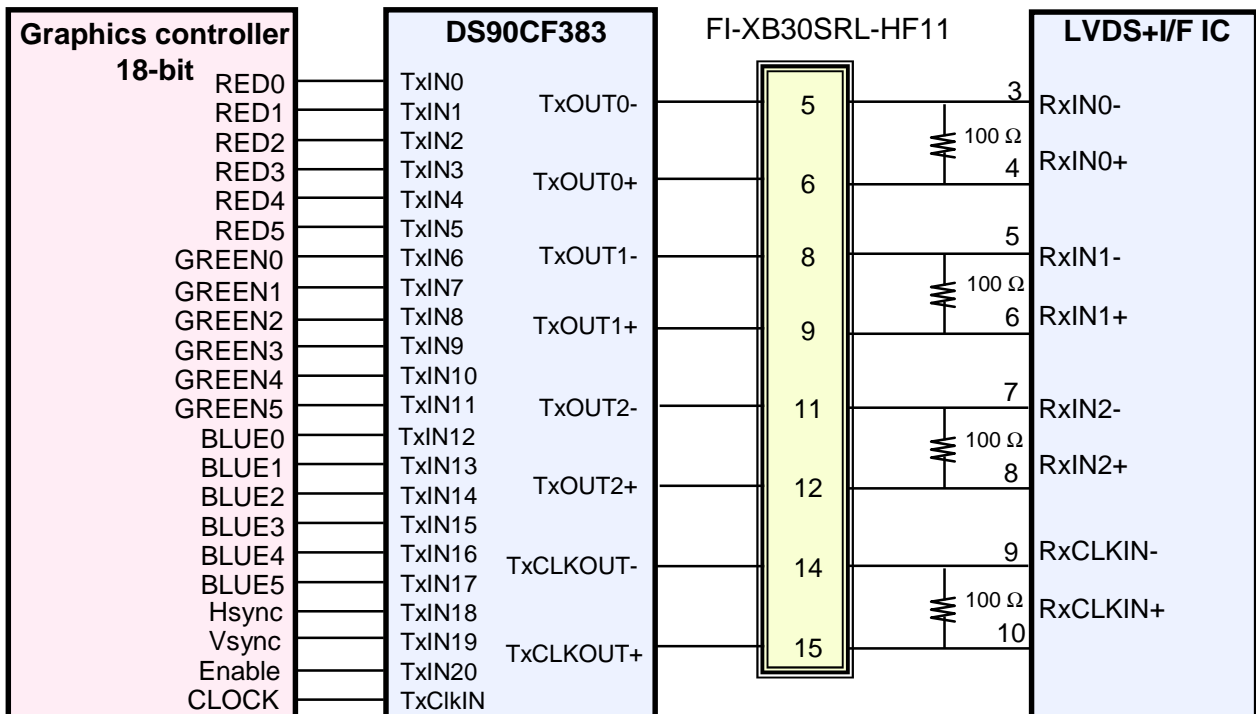
PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTION	POLARITY	REMARK
1	VSS	Ground		
2	VDD	POWER SUPPLY +3.3V		
3	VDD	POWER SUPPLY +3.3V		
4	VEEDID	DDC 3.3V Power		
5	NC	No Connection		
6	CLKEDID	DDC Clock		
7	DATAEDID	DDC data		
8	RxIN0-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (R0-R5,G0)	Negative	
9	RxIN0+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (R0-R5,G0)	Positive	
10	VSS	Ground		
11	RxIN1-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (G1-G5,B0-B1)	Negative	
12	RxIN1+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (G1-G5,B0-B1)	Positive	
13	VSS	Ground		
14	RxIN2-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (B2-B5,Sync,DE)	Negative	
15	RxIN2+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (B2-B5,Sync,DE)	Positive	
16	VSS	Ground		
17	RxCLK-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Clock)	Negative	
18	RxCLK+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Clock)	Positive	
19	VSS	Ground		
20	NC	No Connection		
21	NC	No Connection		
22	NC	No Connection		
23	NC	No Connection		
24	NC	No Connection		
25	NC	No Connection		
26	NC	No Connection		
27	NC	No Connection		
28	NC	No Connection		
29	NC	No Connection		
30	NC	No Connection		

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5.2 LVDS Interface : Transmitter DS90CF383 or Compatible

Pin No.	Name	RGB Signal	Pin No.	Name	RGB Signal
44	TxIN0	R0	12	TxIN11	G5
45	TxIN1	R1	13	TxIN12	B0
47	TxIN2	R2	15	TxIN13	B1
48	TxIN3	R3	16	TxIN14	B2
1	TxIN4	R4	18	TxIN15	B3
3	TxIN5	R5	19	TxIN16	B4
4	TxIN6	G0	20	TxIN17	B5
6	TxIN7	G1	22	TxIN18	Hsync
7	TxIN8	G2	23	TxIN19	Vsync
9	TxIN9	G3	25	TxIN20	DE
10	TxIN10	G4	26	TxCLKIN	Clock

LVDS INTERFACE



Note : The LCD Module uses a 100ohm resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

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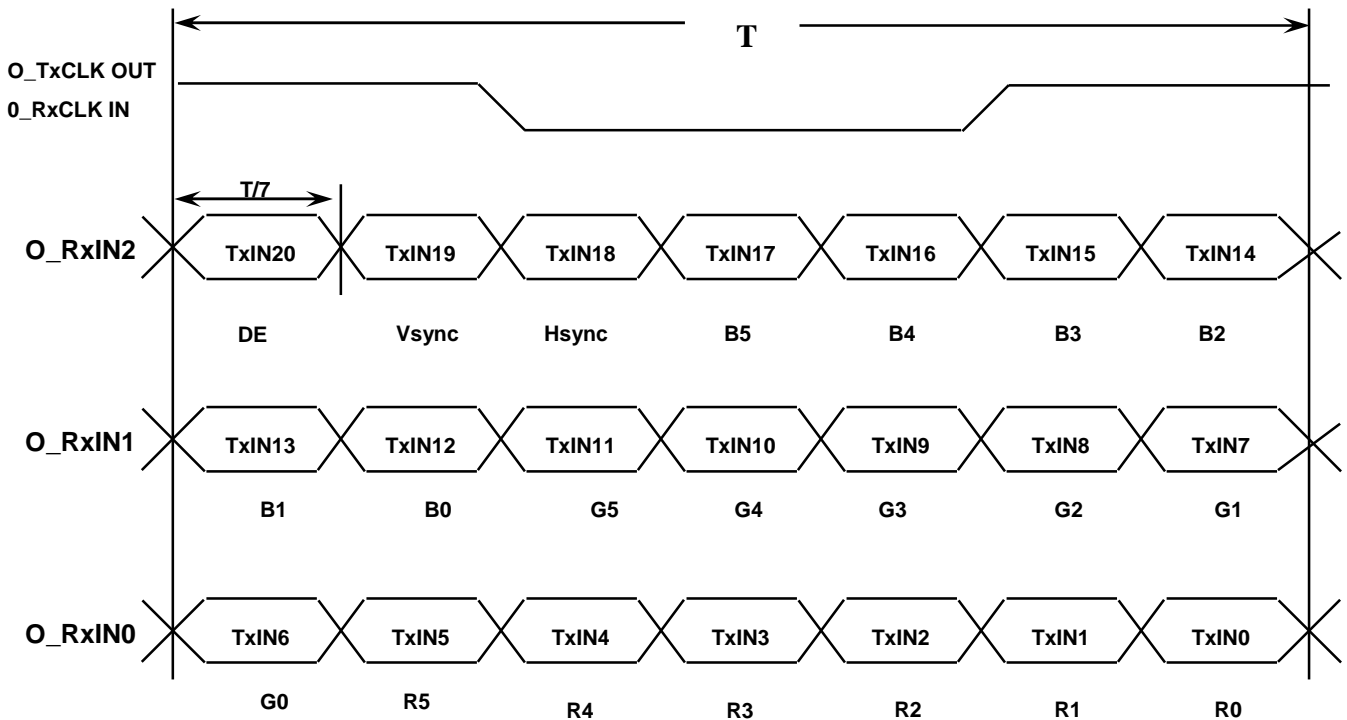
5.3 BACK LIGHT UNIT

Connector : JST BHSR - 02VS -1
 Mating Connector : SM02B-BHSS-1(JST)

Pin NO.	Symbol	Color	Function
1	HOT	Pink	High Voltage
2	COLD	White	Low Voltage

5.4 Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmission

LVDS Receiver : Integrated T-CON



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5.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

Color	Display	Data Signal																Gray Scale Level	
		Red					Green					Blue							
		R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3		45
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	-
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	-
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	-
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Gray Scale Of Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0
	Dark	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
	↑	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R3~R60
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	↓	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R61
	Light	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R62
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R63
Gray Scale Of Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0
	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
	↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G3~G60
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	↓	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	G61
	Light	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	G62
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	G63
Gray Scale Of Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B0
	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	B1
	↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	B3~B60
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	↓	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	B61
	Light	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	B62
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	B63

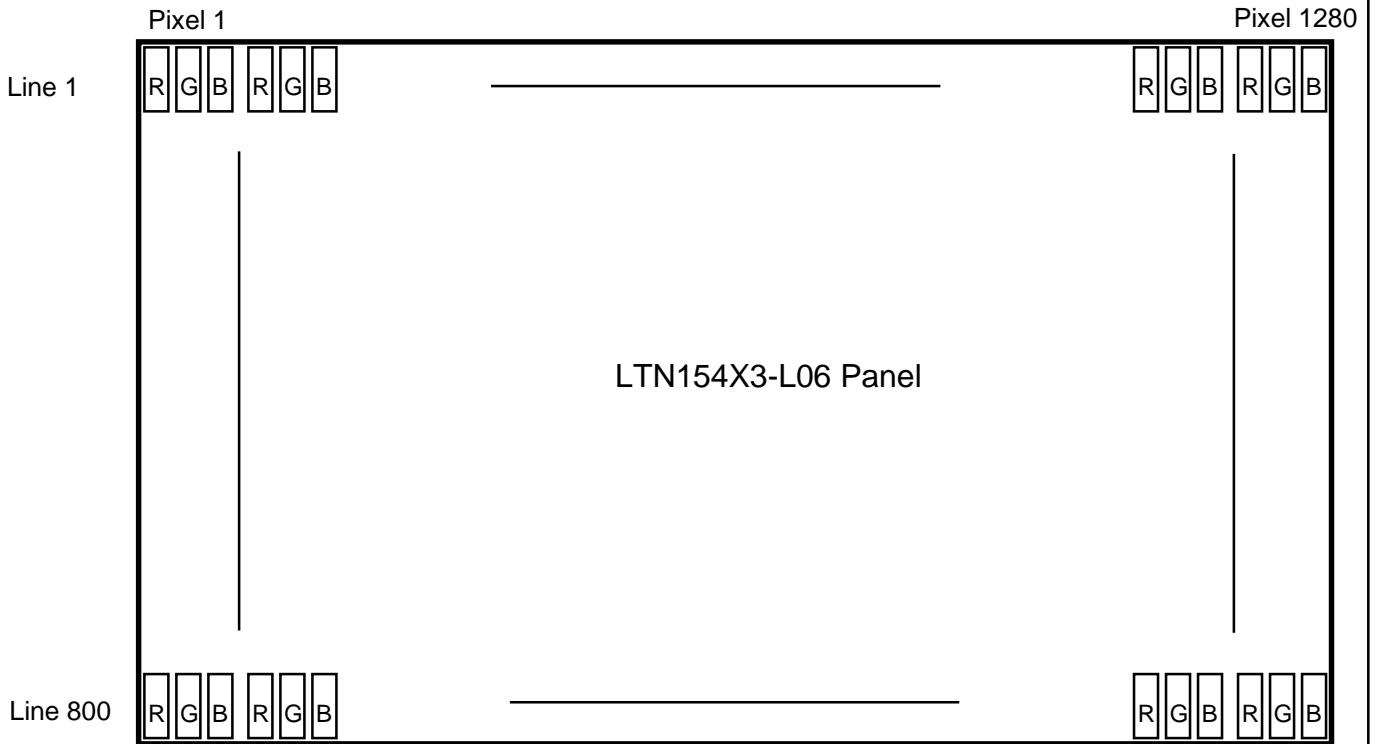
Note 1) Definition of gray :

Rn: Red gray, Gn: Green gray, Bn: Blue gray (n=gray level)

Note 2) Input signal: 0 =Low level voltage, 1=High level voltage

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5.6 Pixel Format in the display



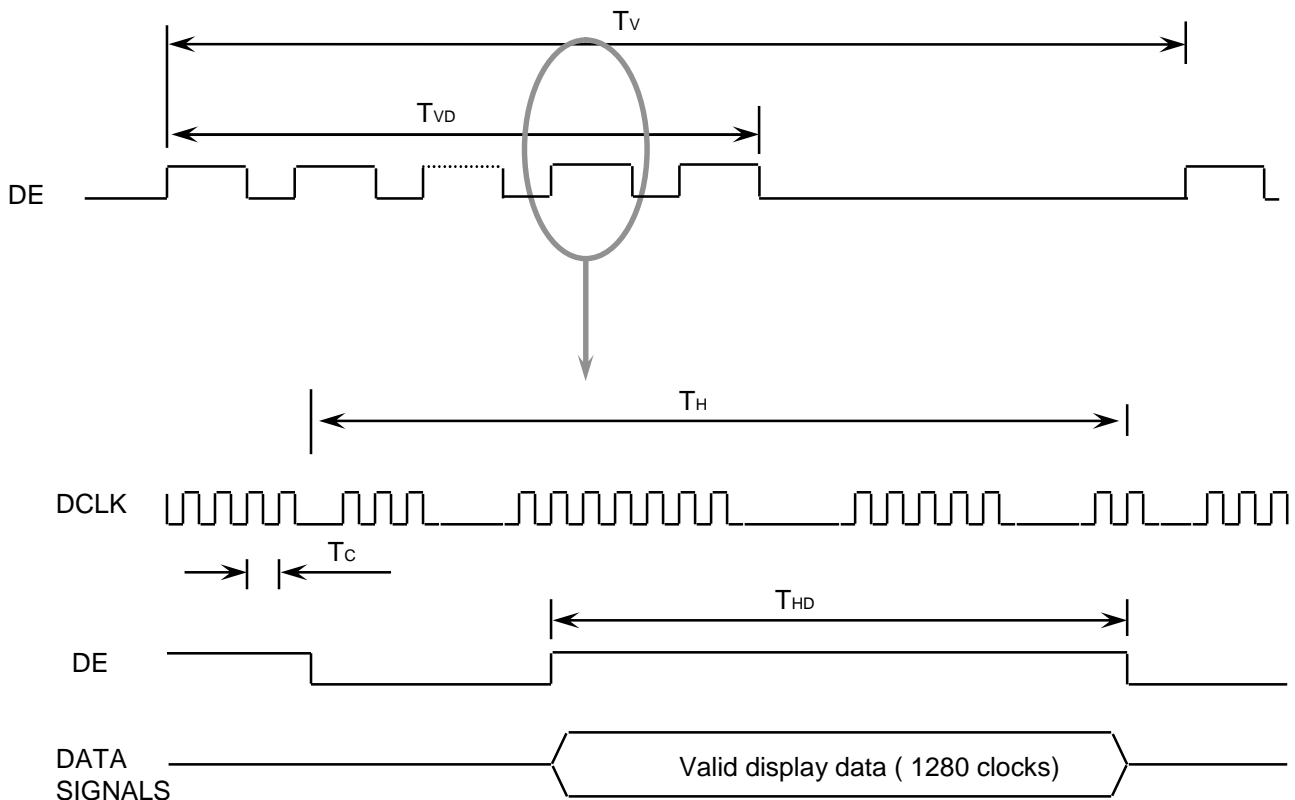
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6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 Timing Parameters

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Frame Frequency	Cycle	TV	804	816	1000	Lines	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display Period	TVD	-	800	-	Lines	-
One Line Scanning Time	Cycle	TH	1350	1408	1550	Clocks	-
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display Period	THD	-	1280	-	Clocks	-

6.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal

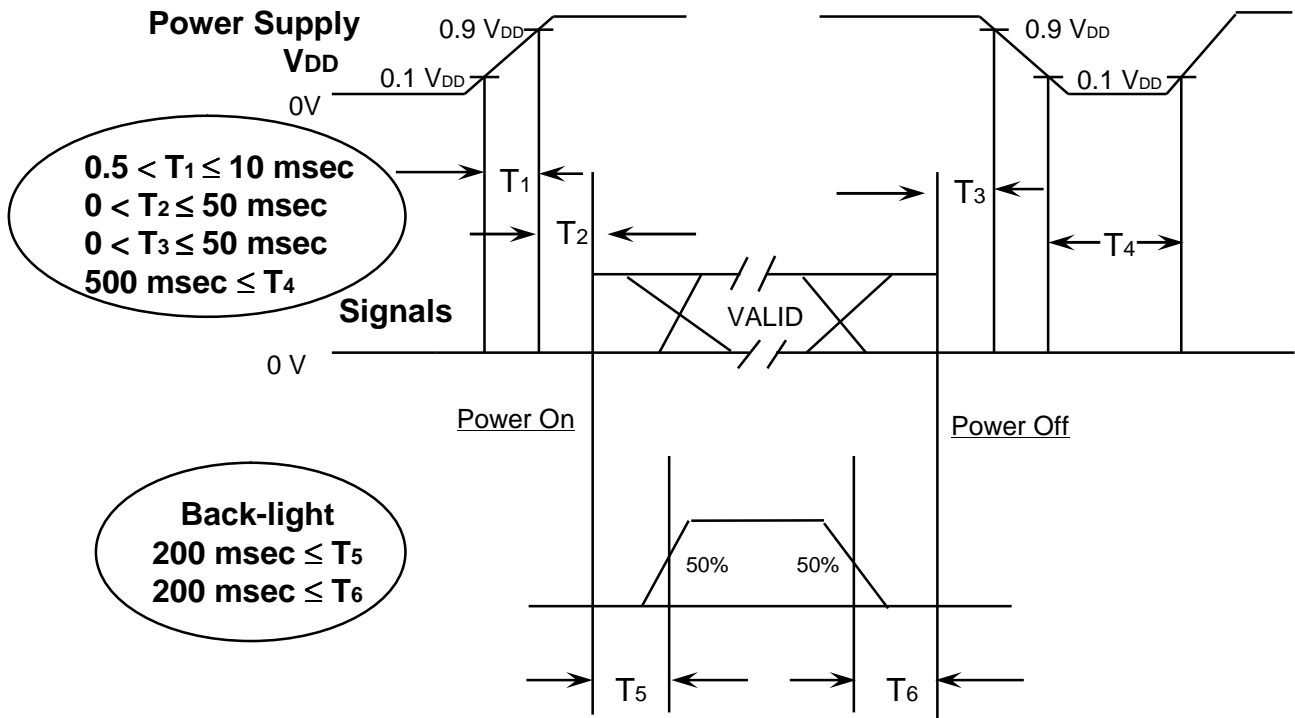


Note : All input condition(level&timing) for SN75LVDS88 are the same with those of FPD87356 or compatible.

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6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

: To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

- T1 : Vdd rising time from 10% to 90%
- T2 : The time from Vdd to valid data at power ON.
- T3 : The time from valid data off to Vdd off at power Off.
- T4 : Vdd off time for Windows restart
- T5 : The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON.
- T6 : The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off.

NOTE.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of VDD.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become white.
- (3) In case of VDD = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

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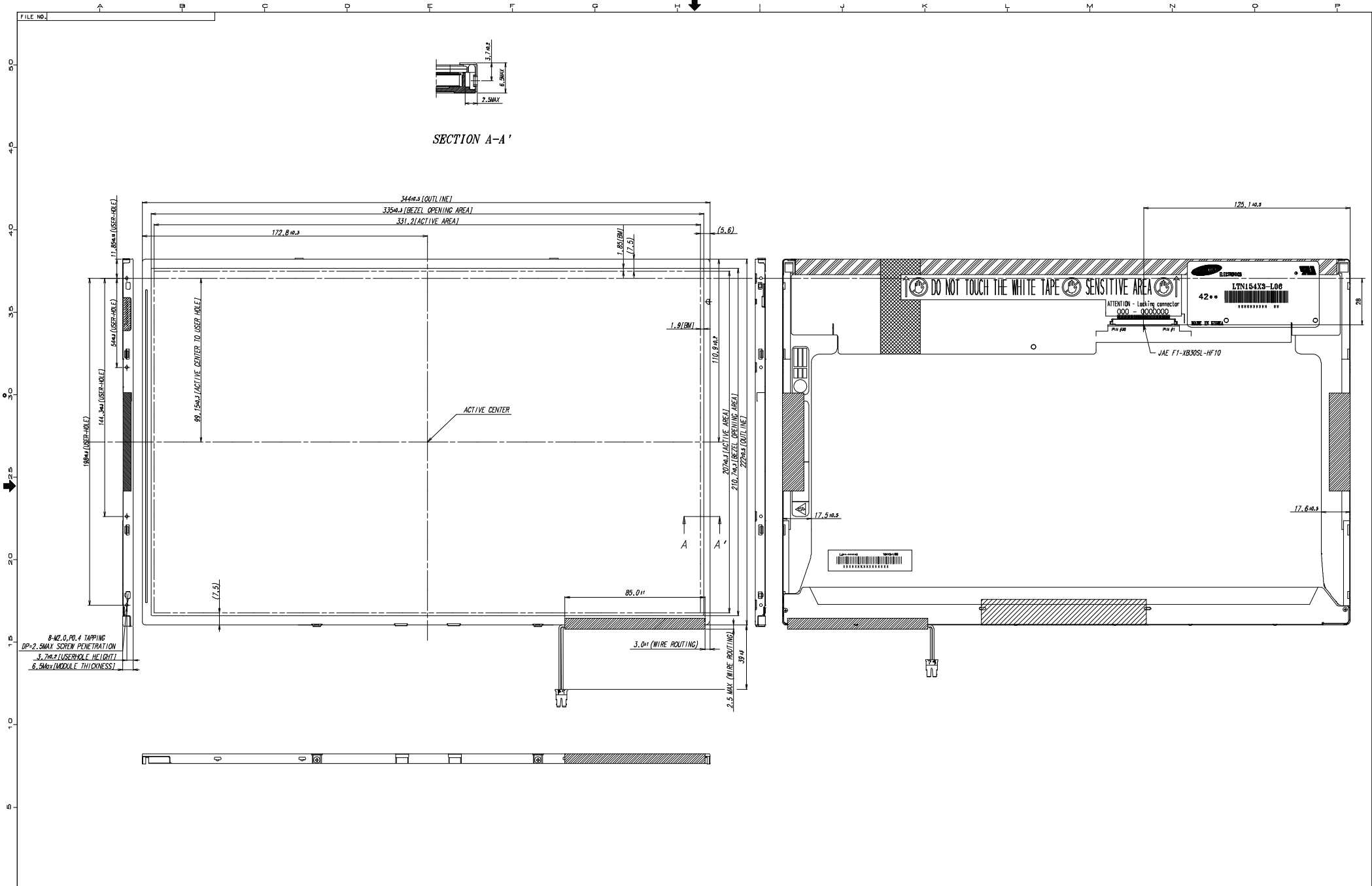
7. MECHANICAL OUTLINE DIMENSION

Approval

[Refer to the next page]

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REV	NO	GENERAL TOLERANCE			REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF REVISION			REASON	CHG'D BY	
		STEP	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2			LEVEL 3	UNIT	PR			DRAWN BY
		0 < X ≤ 4	±0.05	±0.1	±0.2	SCALE	1/1	H.H.KIM	T.G.KANG	D.C.YANG	MODEL NAME	LTN154X3-L06
		4 < X ≤ 16	±0.08	±0.15	±0.3	TOLERANCE					PART/SHEET NAME	OUTLINE DIMENSION
		16 < X ≤ 64	±0.12	±0.25	±0.5	LEVELS					SPEC. NO	SHEET 1/1
		64 < X ≤ 256	±0.25	±0.4	±0.8						CODE NO.	VER. 000

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