SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- () Final Specification

Title	42.0" WXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC420W02
SUFFIX	SLA3 (RoHS Verified)

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
Please return 1 copy for your o	confirmation with

your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE				
J.H Yoon / S. Manager					
REVIEWED BY					
W. S Ha / Manager					
PREPARED BY					
Y. H Choi / Engineer					
-	TV Products Development Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd				

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Jul,24, 2006	-	Preliminary Specification(First Draft)
0.1	Aug,04, 2006	12	Update for Signal Timing Specifications (Timing Table Format Change)
		22	Change Front View based on LC420W02-SLA2
		25	Update International Standards for the Safety
1.0	Sep,06.2006	7	Update Brightness Control Spec for VBR Voltage
		11	Change Signal Name for Analog Dimming (VBR → VBR-A)
		16	Add the Inverter on/off pulse power sequence
			Final Specification

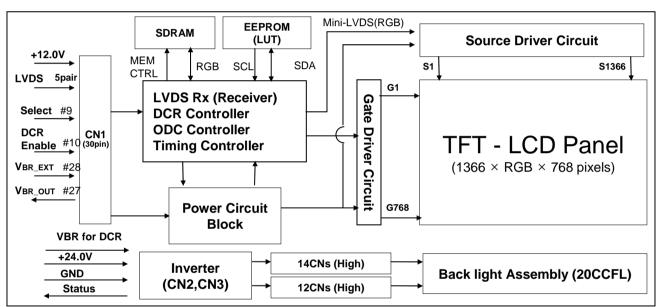


1. General Description

The LC420W02 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 42.0 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1366 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	42.02 inches(1067.308mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	1006 mm(H) x 610 mm(V) x 56 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.227mm x 0.681mm x RGB
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. by 768 vert. Pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8-bit, 16.7 M colors
Luminance, White	500 cd/m ² (Center 1-point) (Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing Angle Free (R/L 178 (Typ.), U/D 178 (Typ))
Power Consumption	Total 169.7 W (Typ.) (Logic=5.7 W, Inverter=164W [I _{BL} =6.2 mA])
Weight	14.0 Kg (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer



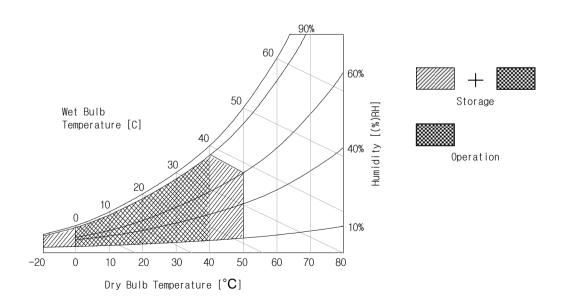
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol		Lloit	Remark	
		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Power Input	LCD circuit	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	at 25 ± 2 °C
Voltage	Inverter	VBL	-0.3	+27.0	VDC	
Inverter Control	ON/OFF	Voff/Von	-0.3	+5.25	VDC	
Voltage Brightness		VBR	0.0	+5.0	VDC	
Operating Tempera	Operating Temperature		0	+40	°C	
Storage Temperature		Тѕт	-20	+50	°C	Note 1
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	Note I
Storage Humidity		Нѕт	10	90	%RH	

Note 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other input power for the CCFL/Backlight is to power inverter.

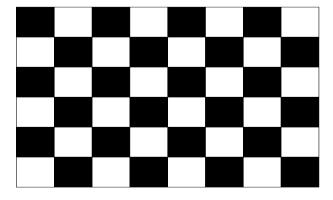
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note
Circuit:						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	VDC	
Dower lanut Current	ILCD	-	475	618	mA	1
Power Input Current		-	680	884	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD		5.7	7.42	Watt	1
Rush current	Irush	-	-	3.0	А	3

Note: 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 \pm 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 1ms (min.).

White: 255Gray Black: 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)



Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter		Cure had	Values			Lloit	Notes	
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
Inverter :								
Power Supply Input	Power Supply Input Voltage		VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1
Power Supply Input	Voltage Rippl	е		-0.2		0.2	Vp-p	1
Power Supply Input Current		IDI	-	6.8	7.6	А	Vbr-B = 3.3V Vbr-A = 1.65V	
		IBL	-	7.4	8.2	А	Vbr-B = 3.3V Vbr-A = 3.3V	
Power Supply Input Current(In-Rush)		Irush	-	-	13	А	VBL = 22.8V Vbr-B = 3.3V Boost = 1.65V	
Power Consumption	1		PBL	-	164	182.4	W	1
	Brightnes	s Adjust	Vbr-A	0.0	-	3.3	Vdc	2
Input Voltage for	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	
Control System	On/On	Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	Vdc	
Signals Brightness Adjust (Burst mode)		Vbr-B	0.0	-	3.3	Vdc		
Life Time			50,000			Hrs	3,4	

Notes:

1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V and Vbr 1.65V, it is total power consumption.

The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.4 Vp-p. LPL recommend Input Voltage is $24.0V \pm 5\%$.

2. Brightness Control.

This VBR Voltage control brightness.

VBR Voltage	Function				
3.3V	Maximum Brightness (110%)				
0V	Minimum Brightness (90%)				

- 3. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. Specified value is when lamp is aligned horizontally.
- 4. The lamp life time for LCM is guaranteed minimum 50,000 hours when Vbr-A and Vbr-B are maximum values.



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 30-pin connector is used for the module electronics and two 12-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector: FI-30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
2	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
3	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
4	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
5	GND	Ground	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	i
9	Select	Select LVDS Data format	1
10	DCR Enable	Dynamic CR Enable ('L ' = Disable , 'H' = Enable)	2
11	GND	Ground	
12	RA-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
13	RA+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RB-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
16	RB+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
17	GND	Ground	
18	RC-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
19	RC+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
20	GND	Ground	
21	RCLK-	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	
22	RCLK+	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	
23	GND	Ground	
24	RD-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
25	RD+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
26	GND	Ground	
27	VBR_OUT	VBR output form LCD module	
28	VBR_EXT	External VBR input from System to LCD module	
29	GND	Ground	
30	GND	Ground	3

Note: 1. The pin no 9 is an option pin for DISM or LG format. (LG Format = "GND" / DISM Format = "VCC")

Please refer to page 9 and 10 for further details

- 2. The pin no 10 is an option pin for DCR Function (Enable = "VCC" / Disable = "GND")
- 3. The pin no 30 is LCD Test option.

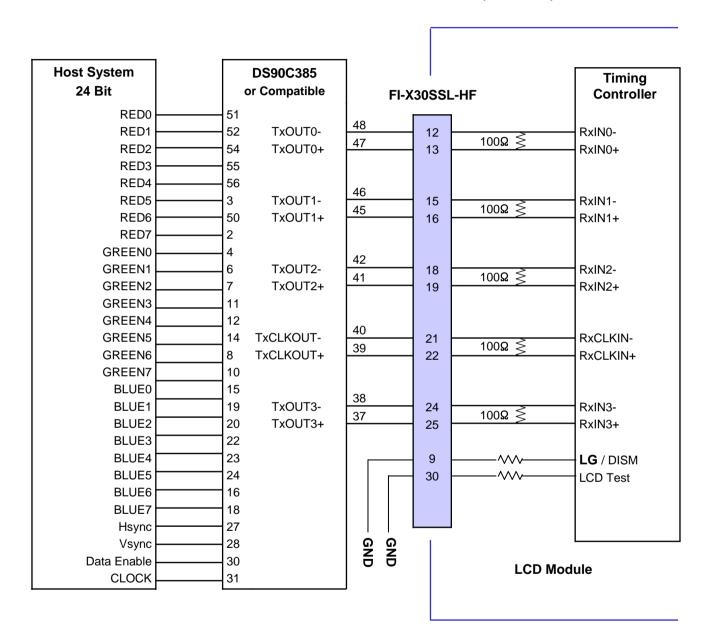
LCM operates "AGP" (Auto Generation Pattern) or "NSB" (No Signal Black) is case that LVDS signals are out of frequency or abnormal condition in spite of 12 volt power supply.

LPL recommends "NSB". (AGP: "VCC" or "OPEN" / NSB: "GND")

- 4. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together, which should be also connected to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 5. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 6. Input Levels of LVDS signals are based on the IEA 664 Standard.



Table 5. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin9="L")

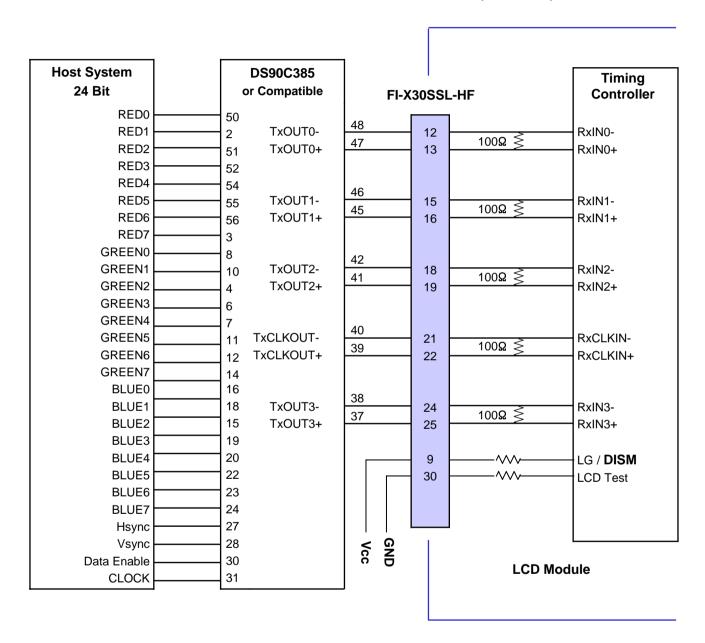


Note: 1. The LCD Module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.



Table 6. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin9="H")



Note: 1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.



3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

< Master>

- Inverter Connector : S14B-PH-SMC(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

- Mating Connector: PHR-14 or Equivalent

< Slaver>

- Inverter Connector: S12B-PH-SMC(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

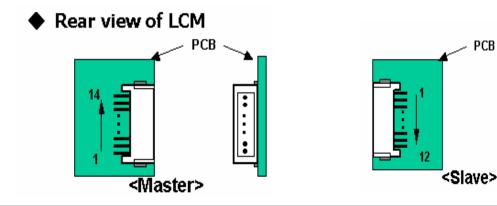
- Mating Connector: PHR-12 or Equivalent

Table 7. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Slave	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
6	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND	
7	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND	
8	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND	
9	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND	
10	GND	POWER GND	GND	GND	
11	VBR-A	0V ~ 3.3V	VBR	Don't care	Typical : 1.65V
12	On/Off	0V ~ 5.0V	On/Off	Don't care	
13	VBR-B	Internal DC Input Signal (0.0V ~ 3.3V)	Internal PWM	-	
14	Status	Normal : Upper 3.0V Abnormal : Under 0.7V	Status	-	

Notes: 1. Pin 1~10 should be connected to master and slave connector

2. GND should be connected to the LCD's metal frame.





3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 8 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 8. TIMING TABLE for NTSC &PAL

[DE (Data Enable) Only]

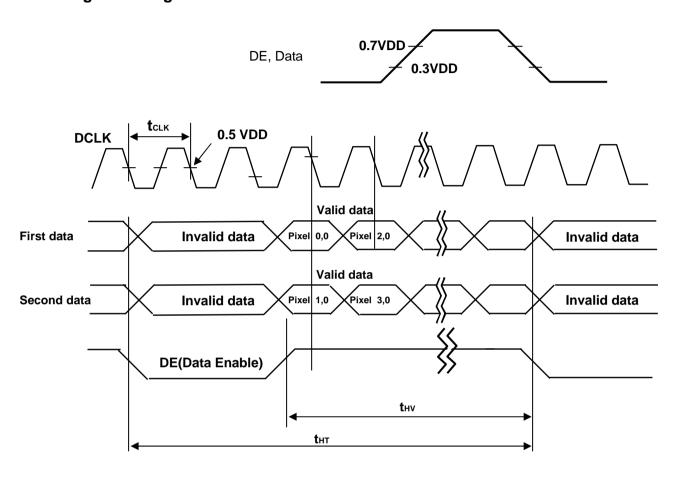
ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
		4	40.0	40.0	447		
DCLK	Period	tCLK	12.2	13.8	14.7	ns	
	Frequency	-	68	72.4	80	MHz	
	Period	tHP	1456	1528	1776	tclk	
	Horizontal Valid	t⊢∨	1366	1366	1366	tclk	
	Horizontal Blank	-	tHP- tHV	162	tHP- tHV		
Hsync	Frequency	fн	45	47.4	50	KHz	
	Width	twH	-	32	-	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	tHBP	24	48	-		
	Horizontal Front Porch	tHFP	40	80	-		
	Period	t∨P	776	790	1063	tHP	
	Vertical Valid	tvv	768	768	768	tHP	
	Vertical Blank	-	tvp-tvv	22	tvp- tvv	tHP	
Vsync	Frequency	f∨	47	60	63	Hz	Note 1) PAL : 47~53Hz
	Width	tw∨	-	5	-	tHP	NTSC : 57~63Hz
	Vertical Back Porch	tvbp	5	15	-	Hz	
	Vertical Front Porch	tVFP	1	2	-	tHP	

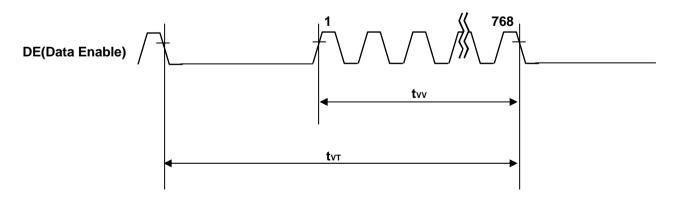
Note:

- 1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.
- 2. Above Timing Tables are only valid for DE Mode.



3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms







3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 9 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 9. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

													Inpu	ıt Co	olor	Data	а									
	Color					RE	D							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
			MS	B —					LS	SB	MS	BB					L:	SB	MS	B					L	SB
			R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1 I	₹0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	В4	В3	B2	В1	В0
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
l -	RED (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (254)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																										
	GREEN (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																										
	BLUE (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

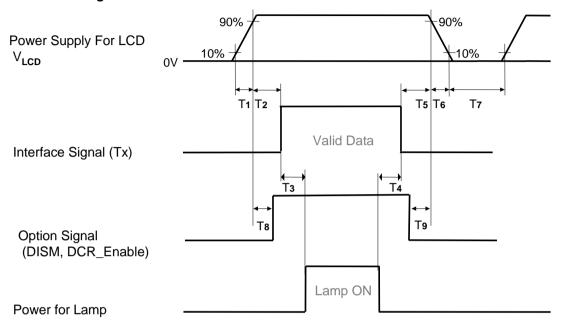


Table 10. POWER SEQUENCE

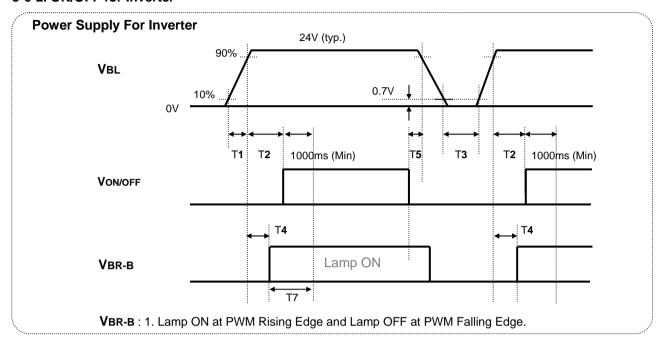
Dovernator		Value						
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit				
T1	1.0	-	20	ms				
T2	5.0	-	50	ms				
Т3	200	-	-	ms				
T4	200	-	-	ms				
T5	0.5	-	50	ms				
Т6	-	-	300	ms				
T7	1.0	-	-	S				
Т8		ms						
Т9		ms						

Note:

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. The case when the T2/T5 exceed maximum specification, it operates protection pattern(Black pattern) till valid signal inputted. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.



3-6-2. ON/OFF for Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

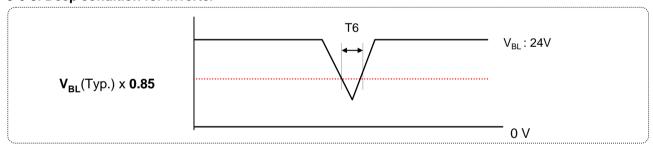


Table 12. Power Sequence for Inverter

Doromotor		Values		Units	Remarks
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	UTILS	Kemarks
T1	20	-	-	ms	1
T2	500	-	-	ms	
T3	200	-	-	ms	
T4	0		-	ms	2
T5	10	-	-	ms	
T6	-	-	10	ms	V _{BL} (Typ) x 0.85
T7	1000	-	-	ms	3

Notes: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time.

- 2. T4(max) should be less than T2.
- 3. In T7 section, VBR-B is recommended 3.3V.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 1.

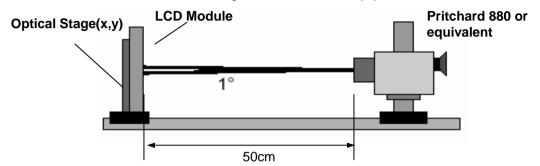


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 12 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS Ta- 25+2°C V. -- -12 0V fv

Table 12. Ol	able 12. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS				°C, V _{LCD} =12	.0V, f∨=60Hz,	Dclk=72.4MHz,	VBR=1.65
	aramet		Coursels al		Value		Unit	Note
Pi	aramet	ei	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note
Contrast Ratio)		CR	600	800			1
			CR with DCR					
Surface Lumi	face Luminance, white		L _{WH}	400	500		cd/m ²	2
Luminance V	ariatior	١	δ _{WHITE} 5P			1.3		3
D Tin		Rise Time	Tr _R	-	8	12		
Response Time (Gray to Gray)		Decay Time	Tr_D		10	14		
(Glay to Glay	′)	G t	o G	-	8	12	ms	4
		RED	Rx		0.630			
		KED	Ry		0.343			
	GREEN	Gx		0.275				
Color Coordin	Color Coordinates	GREEN	Gy	Тур	0.607	Тур		
[CIE1931]		BLUE	Bx	-0.03	0.147	+0.03		
			Ву		0.068			
		\\\	Wx		0.281			
		WHITE	Wy		0.293			
Viewing Angle	e (CR>	10)						
	x axis,	right(φ=0°)	θr	85	89	-		
	x axis,	left (φ=180°)	θΙ	85	89	-	-1	_
	y axis,	up (φ=90°)	θu	85	89	-	degree	5
	y axis,	down (φ=270°)	θd	85	89	-		
Oray Caal-			Without DCR					
Gray Scale			With DCR					6

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Note:

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio = $\frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$ It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta$$
 WHITE(5P) = Maximum($L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}$) / Minimum($L_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}$)

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification
 Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 13.

Table 13. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)	Luminance [%] (Typ) with DCR
L0	0.11	
L15	0.19	
L31	1.08	
L47	2.07	
L63	4.51	
L79	7.75	
L95	12.05	
L111	17.06	
L127	22.36	
L143	28.21	
L159	35.56	
L175	43.96	
L191	53.00	
L207	63.37	
L223	74.66	
L239	88.17	
L255	100	



Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

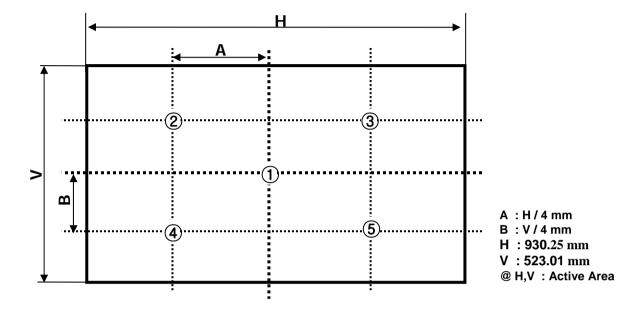


FIG.2 Measure Point for Luminance

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

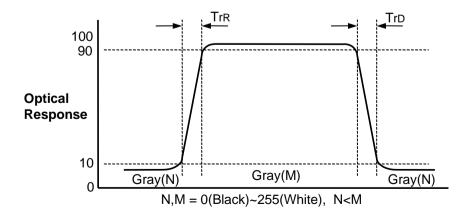


FIG.3 Response Time



Dimension of viewing angle range

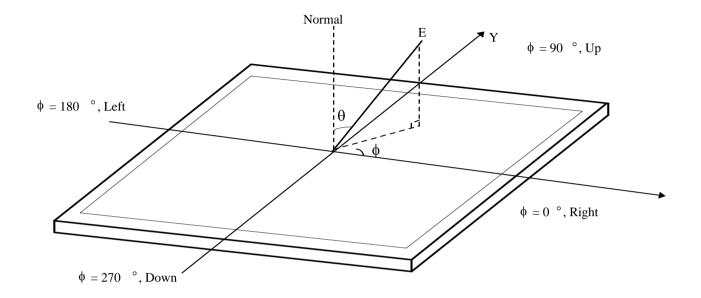


FIG.4 Viewing Angle



5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD module.

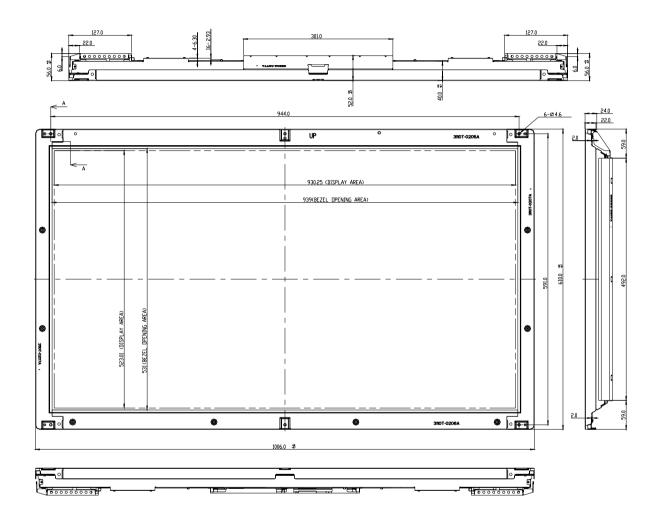
Table 14. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

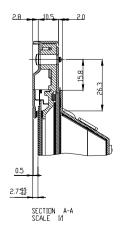
Item	Va	lue		
	Horizontal	1006.0 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	610.0 mm		
	Depth	56.0 mm		
Dorol Avon	Horizontal	939.0 mm		
Bezel Area	Vertical	531.0 mm		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	930.25 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.01 mm		
Weight	14.0Kg (Typ.) , 15.0Kg (Max.)			
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer			

Note: 1.Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.



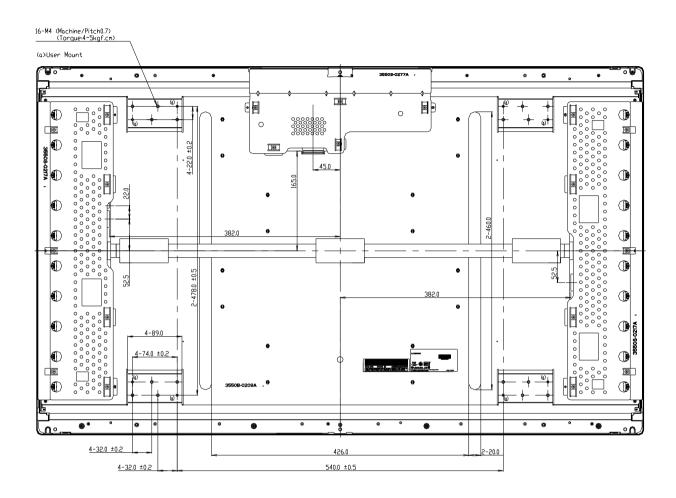
<FRONT VIEW>



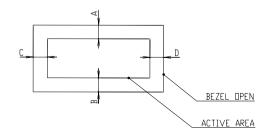




<REAR VIEW>



- 1. Unspecified tolerance is ±1.0mm
 2. Tilt and partial disposition tlerance of display area as follow
 1) Y-direction: ABS(A-B)<=1.5
 2) X-direction: ABS(C-D)<=1.5





6. Reliability

Table 15. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 50°C 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 40°C 50%RH 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h						
5	Vibration test (operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 30 min One time each direction						
6	Shock test (operating)	Shock level : 50 Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 11 ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction						
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH						
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 14,000 feet(4267.2m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)						



7. International standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003. First Edition. Underwriters Laboratories. Inc...

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) UL 60065, 7th Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.

c) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.

d) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

e) IEC60065:2001, 7th Edition and IEC60950-1:2001, First Edition

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcs

b) Box Size :1140 mm X 1000 mm X 810 mm.



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental
- to the polarizer.)

 (7) When the surface becomes dusty please wine gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 mV$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD module on its edge.



9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normalhexane.